

CPV Ab Instructions For Use Fast result in 10 minutes

For use with Canine Parvovirus Antibody Test

Veterinary in-vitro diagnostic use only

Store between 4~30°C (40~86 °F) DO NOT FREEZE

INTENDED USE

Canine Parvovirus Antibody Test is a lateral flow immunochromatographic assay for the qualitative detection of canine parvovirus antibodies in dog's whole blood/serum/plasma.

PRECAUTIONS AND WARNINGS

- Important: Do not remove device from the pouch until ready for use.
- Do not use the components after expiration date.
- Humidity and temperature can influence the results.
- Do not mix components from kits with different lot numbers.
- All wastes should be properly decontaminated prior to disposal
- Use a separate transfer pipette for each patient.

 Decontaminate and dispose of all samples, used kits and potentially contamination materials safely in accordance with national and local regulations.

KIT COMPONENTS

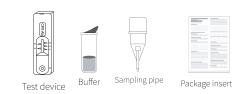
- 1. Test devices
- 2. Buffer
- 3. Sampling pipe
- 4. Package Insert

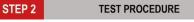
STORAGE AND STABILITY

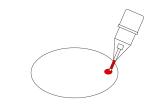
• The test device is sealed and stored away from light at room temperature or refrigerated 4~30 °C (40~86°F)). Do not freeze.

• The test kit should be used before the expiration date marked on the package insert.

STEP 1 CHECK THE KIT CONTENTS BEFORE USE



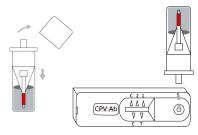




Use a sampling pipe to draw some whole blood/serum/plasma specimens (approximately 10 μl) through the capillary effect.



Peel off aluminum foil seal from the top of the extraction tube containing the extraction buffer, insert sampling end into pipe and cover tightly, mixed completely.



Holding the sampling pipe upright, carefully take off the cap of sampling pipe, transfer 3 drops (approximately 90μ) to the specimen well(S) of the test device.

STEP 3 INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULT



The result is invalid after 20 minutes

Positive:

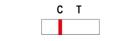
Two colored lines appear. One line should always appear in the control line region(C), and another one apparent colored line should appear in the test line region(T).



Negative:

Invalid:

Only one colored line appears in the control line region (C), and no colored line appears in the test line region (T).



No colored line appears in the control line region (C), indicating that the test result is ineffective. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. In this case, read the package insert carefully and test again with a new test device.



LIMITATIONS

Although the Canine Parvovirus Antibody Test is very accurate in detecting canine parvovirus antibodies, a low incidence of false results may be occurred. Other clinically or laboratory tests might be required if questionable results are obtained. As other diagnostic tests, a definitive clinical diagnosis should not be based on the result of a single test, but should be diagnosed by the veterinarian after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.

INTERFERING SUBSTANCE

Analytes	Conc.	Analytes	Conc.
Whole Blood	20ul/ml	Oxymetazoline	0.6mg/ml
Mucin	50ug/ml	Phenylephrine	12mg/ml
Budesonide	200ul/ml	Rebetol	4.5ug/ml
Dexamethasone	0.8mg/ml	Relenza	282ng/ml
Flunisolide	6.8ng/ml	Tamiflu	1.1ug/ml
Mupirocin	12mg/ml		

SYMBOL



The clinical performance was evaluated using different samples.

Clinical Result For CPV						
	Antigen	ELISA	Sensitivity	Specificity		
Positive	155	160	96.88%	/		
Negative	135	140	1	96.43%		
95% Confidence interval			92.70%-98.86%	91.69%-98.69%		

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