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WATER SUPPLY

Matrices with low concentrations of analytes for testing water supply, drinking water, or ground water. Standards are based on requirements of the United States Environmental Protection Agency Safe Drinking Water Act and may be used to satisfy PT requirements worldwide.



Water Supply PT Schedule 2024

Water Supply			
	Scheme #	Opens	Closes
Q	WS 330	Jan 8	Feb 22
	WS 331	Feb 5	Mar 21
	WS 332	Mar 4	Apr 18
Q	WS 333	Apr 8	May 23
	WS 334	May 6	Jun 20
	WS 335	Jun 3	Jul 18
Q	WS 336	Jul 8	Aug 22
	WS 337	Aug 5	Sep 19
	WS 338	Sep 3	Oct 18
Q	WS 339	Oct 4	Nov 18
	WS 340	Nov 4	Dec 19
	WS 341	Dec 2	Jan 16, 2025

2025

Water Supply			
	Scheme #	Opens	Closes
Q	WS 342	Jan 13	Feb 27
	WS 343	Feb 10	Mar 27
	WS 344	Mar 3	Apr 17
Q	WS 345	Apr 7	May 22
	WS 346	May 5	Jun 19
	WS 347	Jun 9	Jul 24
Q	WS 348	Jul 7	Aug 21
	WS 349	Aug 4	Sep 18
	WS 350	Sep 8	Oct 23
Q	WS 351	Oct 3	Nov 17
	WS 352	Oct 31	Dec 15
	WS 353	Dec 1	Jan 15, 2026

Schedule subject to change - see Waters ERA's website at eraqc.com

Contents

Description	CRM	PT	QR	Page
1,4-Dioxane	689	272 B	689QR	27
Ammonia as N	1359	1319 в	1359QR	25
Carbamates/Carbamoxyloxime Pesticides	707	846 M	707QR	28
Chloral Hydrate	676	853 B	676QR	25
Chlordane	705	845 M	705QR	28
Chlorinated Acid Herbicides	704	851 M	704QR	30
Color	661C	859C Q	661CQR	26
Corrosivity	980	900 Q	980QR	26
Cyanide	983	556 M	983QR	25
Dioxin	663	857 Q	663QR	30
EDB/DBCP/TCP	706	847 M	706QR	30
Gasoline Additives	909	905 Q	909QR	27
Haloacetic Acids (HAA)	684	852 M	684QR	25
Halomethanes (THMs)	702	842 M	702QR	27
Hardness	693	555 M	693QR	24
Hexavalent Chromium	658	854 Q	658QR	24
Inorganic Disinfection #1	5272	5270 M	5272QR	25
Inorganic Disinfection #2	5262	5260 M	5262QR	25
Inorganics	698	591 M	698QR	24
Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP	682	596 B	682QR	30
Mercury	666	551 M	666QR	24
Metals	697	590 M	697QR	24

Description	CRM	PT	QR	Page
Nitrite	695	594 M	695QR	25
o-Phosphate Nutrients	667	558 M	667QR	25
Organic Carbon	669	557 M	669QR	26
PCBs as Decachlorobiphenyl	708	839 Q	708QR	30
Perchlorate	910	903 Q	910QR	26
Pesticides	709	850 M	709QR	28
PFAS Drinking Water	733	959 Q	733QR	28
pH	779	552 M	779QR	26
Regulated Volatiles	703	840 M	703QR	27
Residual Chlorine	696	593 M	696QR	25
Semivolatiles #1	690	848 M	690QR	30
Semivolatiles #2 Herbicides	691	849 M	691QR	30
Silica	785	902 Q	785QR	26
Solids Concentrate	5152	5150 M	5152QR	24
Surfactants-MBAS	784	901 Q	784QR	26
Toxaphene	700	844 M	700QR	28
Turbidity	699	592 M	699QR	26
Unregulated Volatiles	683	841 M	683QR	27
Uranium	930	858 Q	930QR	24
UV 254 Absorbance	662	904 Q	662QR	26
Vanadium	660	856 Q	660QR	24

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CRM: A reference material characterized by a metrologically valid procedure for one or more specified properties, accompanied by a reference material certificate that provides the value of the specified property, its associated uncertainty, and a statement of metrological traceability.

A complete listing of ERA's CRMs can be found on our Scope of Accreditation for general requirements for competence of reference material producers available at www.eraqc.com/AboutERA/Accreditations.

PT: A Proficiency Test (PT) is an analysis of what is often referred to as a blind sample or a sample with unknown concentrations of analytes for the purpose of evaluating a laboratory's analytical performance.

QR: Similar to a Proficiency Test, a QuiK Response (QR) is a sample with unknown concentrations. However, unlike a scheduled PT, QR is on-demand and available at any time. Plus, your results are returned within two business days. QuiK Response can be used as a bilateral PT as referenced in the IUPAC/CITAC guide: Selection and use of PT schemes for a limited number of participants - chemical analytical labs.

RM: A material, sufficiently homogeneous and stable with respect to one or more specified properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use in a measurement process.

All Waters ERA WS PTs open monthly (M), quarterly (Q), or biannually (B) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October. Biannual months are January and July.

Labcare de Colombia Minerals/Solids

Hardness			
CRM Cat. #693	PT Cat. #555	Μ	QR Cat. #693QR
One 250 mL whole volume bettle is ready to analyze			

One 250 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze.

Calcium	
Calcium hardness as CaCO ₃	
Total hardness as CaCO3	
Magnesium	2–20 mg/L
Sodium	12-50 mg/L

Inorganics

morganics			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #698	Cat. #591		Cat. #698QR

One 500 mL whole-volume bottle is ready to analyze. The CRM is also certified for sodium at 10–400 mg/L. For a sodium PT, order Hardness, Cat. #555.

Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	25–200 mg/L
Chloride	
Fluoride	1–8 mg/L
Nitrate as N	
Nitrate plus nitrite as N	
Potassium	10–40 mg/L
Specific conductance at 25 °C	
Sulfate	
Total dissolved solids (TDS) at 180 °C	100–1000 mg/L

Solids Concentrate

CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #5152	Cat. #5150		Cat. #5152QR

One 24 mL screw-cap vial with a powder yields 1 liter after dilution.

Total filterable residue (TDS) at 180 °C	100–1000 mg/L
Total solids (TS) at 105 °C	123–1100 mg/L
Total suspended solids (TSS)	23-100 mg/L



Trace Metals

Ν

Metals			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #697	Cat. #590		Cat. #697QR

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with ICP-OES, ICP-MS, and AA methods.

Aluminum	130–1000 μg/L
Antimony	6–50 μg/L
Arsenic	5–50 μg/L
Barium	500–3000 μg/L
Beryllium	
Boron	
Cadmium	2–50 μg/L
Chromium	10–200 µg/L
Copper	
Iron	
Lead	
Manganese	
Molybdenum	
Nickel	10–500 µg/L
Selenium	10–100 µg/L
Silver	
Thallium	
Aluminum	
Zinc	

Mercury

CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #666	Cat. #551		Cat. #666QR
ml.screw-can.vial.vi	elds up to 1 liter	after dilutio	n Use with CVAA ICP-M

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with CVAA, ICP-MS, or CVAFS methods.

Hexavalent Chr	romium		
CRM Cat. #658	PT Cat. #854	Q	QR Cat. #658QR
One 15 mL screw-cap vial yie	lds up to 2 liters aft	er dilution.	
Hexavalent chromium			5–50 μg/L
Uranium			
CRM	РТ		QR
Cat. #930	Cat. #858	Q	Cat. #930QR
Cat. #930 One 15 mL screw-cap vial yiel Uranium	Cat. #858 ds up to 2 liters afte	er dilution. U	Cat. #930QR se with ICP-MS methods.
One 15 mL screw-cap vial yiel	Cat. #858 ds up to 2 liters afte	er dilution. U	Cat. #930QR se with ICP-MS methods.

One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Designed to meet California ELAP requirements.

Vanadium......5-50 µg/L



One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 551, or other applicable method. Includes chloral hydrate at 4–30 $\mu g/L.$

B Waters ERA WS Chloral Hydrate PTs open in January and July.

Haloacetic Acids (HAA)			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #684	Cat. #852		Cat. #684QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Method 552, or other applicable method. Includes all the analytes below at 5-50 $\mu g/L.$

Bromochloroacetic acid	Dichloroacetic acid	Monochloroacetic acid
Dibromoacetic acid	Monobromoacetic acid	Trichloroacetic acid

Inorganic Disin	fection #1		
CRM Cat. #5272	PT Cat. #5270	М	QR Cat. #5272QR
One 24 mL screw-cap vial	yields up to 4 lite	ers after d	ilution.

Chlorate	0-180 µg/L
Chlorite	-1000 µg/L

Inorganic Disin	fection #2		
CRM Cat. #5262	PT Cat. #5260	Μ	QR Cat. #5262QR
One 24 mL screw-cap vial yiel	ds up to 4 liters aft	er dilution.	
Bromate			
Bromide			50–300 µg/L

Nutrients

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B Waters ERA WS Ammonia as N PTs open in January and July.

Nitrite			
CRM Cat. #695	PT Cat. #594	Μ	QR Cat. #695QR
One 15 mL screw-cap vial yiel	ds up to 2 liters aft	er dilution.	
Nitrite as N			0.4–2 mg/L

o-Phosphate N	utrients		
CRM Cat. #667	PT Cat. #558	Μ	QR Cat. #667QR
One 15 mL screw-cap vial yiel	ds up to 2 liters aft	er dilution.	
ortho-Phosphate as P			

Miscellaneous Inorganic

Residual Chlori	ne		
CRM Cat. #696	PT Cat. #593	Μ	QR Cat. #696QR
One 2 mL flame-sealed ampu	le yields up to 2 lite	ers after dilu	tion.
Total residual chlorine			•

Cyanide			
CRM Cat. #983	PT Cat. #556	Μ	QR Cat. #983QR
One 15 mL screw-cap vial y free cyanide.	rields up to 2 lite	rs after dilu	ution. Source material is
Free cyanide			0.1–0.5 mg/L

Free cyanide0.1–0.5 m	g/L
Total cyanide0.1-0.5 m	g/L
Cyanide0.1-0.5 m	g/L

CRM – Certified Reference Material PT – Proficiency Testing QR – QuiK Response

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Miscellaneous Inorganic (continued)



One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 2 liters after dilution.

Physical Property

Color				
CRM Cat. #661C	PT Cat. #859C	Q	QR Cat. #661CQR	
One 30 mL screw-cap bottle yields up to 200 mL after dilution. Color				
Corrosivity				
CRM Cat. #980	PT Cat. #900	Q	QR Cat. #980QR	
One 500 mL whole-volume carbonate saturation, and La			for corrosivity, calcium	
			4 to +4 SI units	

Turbidity			
CRM Cat. #699	PT Cat. #592	Μ	QR Cat. #699QR

One 24 mL amber glass vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution. Use with nephelometric methods.

UV 254 Absorbance				
CRM Cat. #662	PT Cat. #904	Q	QR Cat. #662QR	
One 15 mL screw-cap vial yields up to 1 liter after dilution.				



1,4-Dioxane



One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields 500 mL after dilution. Use with EPA method 522.

1,4-Dioxane......0.1-10 μg/L

В

QR

Cat. #689QR

Gasoline Additives			
CRM	PT	Q	QR
Cat. #909	Cat. #905		Cat. #909QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Method 524.2, or other applicable method for gasoline additives/oxygenates. Contains all of the analytes below at $5-50~\mu g/L$.

tert-Amyl methyl ether (TAME)	Ethyl tert-butyl ether (ETBE)	Trichlorofluoromethane
tert-Butyl alcohol	Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	(Freon [®] 11)
Di-isopropylether (DIPE)		Trichlorotrifluoroethane
		(Freon 113)

Halomethanes (THMs)				
CRM	PT	Μ	QR	
Cat. #702	Cat. #842		Cat. #702QR	

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, 551, or other applicable method. Contains all of the analytes below at $5-50 \mu g/L$.

Bromodichloromethane Chlorodibromomethane Chloroform Bromoform

Regulated Volatiles				
CRM Cat. #703PT Cat. #840QR Cat. #703QR				
One 2 ml. flows appled amoule violds in success of 200 ml. often dilution. Use with EDA				

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, or other applicable method. Contains all of the analytes below at 2–50 μ g/L.

Benzene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene
Carbon tetrachloride	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene
Chlorobenzene	1,2-Dichloropropane
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Ethylbenzene
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Methylene chloride
1,2-Dichloroethane	Styrene
1,1-Dichloroethylene	Tetrachloroethylene

Toluene
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1,1,1-Trichloroethane
1,1,2-Trichloroethane
Trichloroethylene
Vinyl chloride
Xylenes, total

CRM – Certified Reference Material PT – Proficiency Testing QR – QuiK Response

All Waters ERA WS PTs open monthly (M), quarterly (Q), or biannually (B) unless otherwise noted. Quarterly months are January, April, July, and October.

Unregulated Volatiles			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #683	Cat. #841		Cat. #683QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 502.2, 524.2, or other applicable method. Contains at least 60% of the analytes randomly selected from the list below at 2–50 μ g/L.

Bromobenzene Bromochloromethane Bromomethane n-Butylbenzene sec-Butylbenzene tert-Butylbenzene Chloroethane 2-Chlorotoluene 4-Chlorotoluene Dibromomethane 1,3-Dichlorobenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroptopane 2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1-Dichloropropene cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Fluorotrichloromethane Hexachlorobutadiene Isopropylbenzene 4-Isopropyltoluene Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) Naphthalene n-Propylbenzene 1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,3-Trichloropropane 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

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Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

PFAS in Drinking Water

PT QR Cat. #959 Q Cat. #733QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 1.5 L after dilution. The sample is designed for LC/MS/MS methods for analyzing potable water, specifically EPA Methods 533, 537 and 537.1. The diluted standard is certified for the 32 analytes listed below.

Perfluorobutanoic acid, PFBA	
Perfluoropentanoic acid, PFPeA	
Perfluorohexanoic acid, PFHxA	
Perfluoroheptanoic acid, PFHpA	
Perfluorooctanoic acid, PFOA	
Perfluorononanoic acid, PFNA	•
Perfluorodecanoic acid, PFDA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoroundecanoic acid, PFUdA	
Perfluorododecanoic acid, PFDoA	•
Perfluorotridecanoic acid, PFTrDA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorotetradecanoic acid, PFTeDA	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid, PFBS	20–200 ng/L
Perfluoropentanesulfonic acid, PFPeS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid, PFHxS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluoroheptanesulfonic acid, PFHpS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid, PFOS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorononanesulfonic acid, PFNS	20-200 ng/L
Perfluorodecanesulfonic acid, PFDS	20–200 ng/L
4:2 fluorotelomersulfonic acid, 4:2 FTS	20–200 ng/L
6:2 fluorotelomersulfonic acid, 6:2 FTS	20-200 ng/L
8:2 fluorotelomersulfonic acid, 8:2 FTS	
Perfluorooctanesulfonamide, PFOSA	20-200 ng/L
N-ethyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid, NEtFOSAA	20-200 ng/L
N-methyl perfluorooctanesulfonamidoacetic acid, NMeFOSAA	
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid , HFPO-DA	
4,8-dioxa-3H-perfluorononanoic acid, ADONA	
9-chlorohexadecafluoro-3-oxanonane-1-sulfonic acid, 9CI-PF3ONS	20-200 ng/L
11-chloroeicosafluoro-3-oxaundecane-1-sulfonic acid, 11Cl-PF3OUdS	
Perfluoro-4-methoxybutanoic acid, PFMBA	
Perfluoro-3-methoxypropanoic acid, PFMPA	
Perfluoro(2-ethoxyethane) sulfonic acid, PFEESA	
Nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoic acid, NFDHA	20–200 ng/L

Pesticides

Pesticides			
CRM Cat. #709	PT Cat. #850	Μ	QR Cat. #709QR
One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule vields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with			

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 507, 508, 525, or other applicable method for organochlorine, nitrogen, and organophosphorus pesticides. Each standard contains at least 14 analytes randomly selected from the list below at 0.2-20 μ g/L.

Alachlor	Heptachlor	Metribuzin
Aldrin	Heptachlor epoxide (beta)	Molinate (ordram)
Atrazine	Hexachlorobenzene	Prometon
Bromacil	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Propachlor
Butachlor	Lindane (gamma-BHC)	Simazine
Diazinon	Methoxychlor	Thiobencarb
Dieldrin	Metolachlor	Trifluralin
Endrin		

Carbamate/Carbamoxyloxime Pesticides

CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #707	Cat. #846		Cat. #707QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 531.1, 531.2, 632, or other applicable method. Each standard contains at least 8 of the analytes below at 15–150 μ g/L.

Aldicarb	Carbaryl	Methiocarb
Aldicarb sulfone	Carbofuran	Methomyl
Aldicarb sulfoxide	3-Hydroxycarbofuran	Oxamyl
Baygon		

Chlordane			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #705	Cat. #845		Cat. #705QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 508, 525, or other applicable method. Each standard contains technical chlordane at 2–20 μ g/L.

Toxaphene			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #700	Cat. #844		Cat. #700QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 505, 508, 525, or other applicable method. Each standard contains toxaphene at 2-20 μ g/L.

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SCAN ME

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Pesticides (continued)

EDB/DBCP/TCP CRM PT QR Μ Cat. #706 Cat. #847 Cat. #706QR One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields in excess of 200 mL after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 504, 551, or other applicable method. Each lot contains all analytes below at 0.05-2 µg/L. 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (DBCP) 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP) Ethylene dibromide (EDB)

Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP CRM PT QR В Cat. #682 Cat. #596 Cat. #682QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields 100 mL after dilution. Use with California method SRL 524M, or other applicable method. Each standard contains 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP) at 5-100 ng/L after dilution.

B Low-Level 1,2,3-TCP available in January and July.

Semivolatile Organics

Dioxin			
CRM	PT	Q	QR
Cat. #663	Cat. #857		Cat. #663QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 613, 1613, 8280, 8290, or other applicable method. Each standard contains 2,3,7,8-TCDD at 20-100 pg/L.

PCBs as Decachlorobiphenyl

CRM	PT	Q	QR
Cat. #708	Cat. #839		Cat. #708QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Quantitative Method 508A. This standard can also be used for aroclor identification and quantification using EPA Methods 505, 508, 508.1, or other applicable method. Includes an aroclor randomly selected from the list below at 0.5-5 µg/L as decachlorobiphenyl.

Aroclor 1016	Aroclor 1242	Aroclor 1254
Aroclor 1221	Aroclor 1248	Aroclor 1260
Araclar 1232		

Semivolatile Organics (continued)

Semivolatiles #1			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #690	Cat. #848		Cat. #690QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 506, 525, 550, or other applicable method for PAHs, phthalates, and adipates. Each standard contains benzo(a)pyrene, bis(2-ethylhexyl)adipate, and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate plus at least 13 additional analytes, selected from the list below, at 0.2-50 µg/L.

Butyl benzyl phthalate	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate
Chyrsene	Fluoranthene
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	Fluorene
Di-n-butyl phthalate	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
Diethyl phthalate	Naphthalene
Dimethyl phthalate	Phenanthrene
Di-n-octyl phthalate	Pyrene
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)adipate	
	Chyrsene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Di-n-butyl phthalate Diethyl phthalate Dimethyl phthalate Di-n-octyl phthalate

Naphthalene is not within the EPA/NELAC range. Use the Unregulated Volatiles standard (page 27 for this compound in the EPA/NELAC range.

Herbicides

Chlorinated Acid Herbicides			
CRM	PT	Μ	QR
Cat. #704	Cat. #851		Cat. #704QR

One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 515.1, 515.2, 515.3, 515.4, 555, or other applicable method. All lots include at least 10 analytes from the list below at 1-120 μ g/L.

Acifluorfen	Dalapon	4-Nitrophenol
Bentazon	Dicamba	Pentachlorophenol
Chloramben	3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid	Picloram
2,4-D	Dichlorprop	2,4,5-T
2,4-DB	Dinoseb	2,4,5-TP (silvex)
Dacthal diacid (DCPA)		

Semivolatiles #2 Herbicides					
CRM Cat. #691	PT Cat. #849	Μ	QR Cat. #691QR		
One 2 mL flame-sealed ampule yields up to 2 liters after dilution. Use with EPA Methods 547, 548, 549, or other applicable method. Each standard contains all the analytes below at 8–800 µg/L.					

Diquat	Glyphosate	Paraquat
Endothall		

CRM - Certified Reference Material PT - Proficiency Testing QR – QuiK Response

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Learn more at waters.com/dioxins



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